# Primary Rabbit Retinal Ganglion Cells (RGC)

Primary Rabbit Retinal Ganglion Cells (RGC) provides a primary-cell model for investigating the biology of the specified cell population.
Cell-based models help researchers examine biological processes under controlled laboratory conditions.
Applications include cell-function studies, tissue-response research and evaluation of biological or chemical interventions under cell-specific culture conditions.

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| **CTDS SKU** | CDS11397 |
| **Pack size** | 1 x 0.5 million cells |
| **Product category** | Primary Cells |

## PRODUCT BACKGROUND

Primary Rabbit Retinal Ganglion Cells (RGC) is a primary cell product from rabbit Retina for physiologically relevant in vitro studies. The product is particularly relevant to Nervous cell series and Ganglion cells research. It can support research in cell physiology, signaling, metabolism, toxicology, drug response and cell-based assay development where a primary-cell model is preferred. Culture and passage conditions should follow the product-specific protocol. For research use only.

## APPLICATIONS

Nervous cell series;Ganglion cells;Eye, ear, nose, throat and oral systems

## BIOLOGICAL CHARACTERISTICS

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| **Alternate name 2** | Retinal Ganglion Cells |
| **Tissue / origin** | Retina |
| **Cell growth type** | Adherent Cells |
| **Biosafety level** | BSL-2 |
| **Tumorigenicity / cell status** | Normal Cells |

## CULTURE REQUIREMENTS

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| **Culture medium** | Neurobasal-A medium + B-27 Supplement (50X) + 1% Penicillin-Streptomycin Solution. Temperature: 37°C. Condition: 95% air, 5% carbon dioxide + |
| **Freezing medium** | 55% Complete Culture Medium + 40% FBS + 5% DMSO |

## RECEIPT AND CRYOPRESERVATION

Upon Receipt of Cells
1 mL cryovials are packed in dry ice for transportation. After receipt, clean the ceryovial with 70% IPA to disinfect. Stored in a -80°C refrigerator overnight and then transfer to liquid nitrogen or revive them directly as per your use.

Note If the dry ice is found to have evaporated or the cryovial cap is detached/ damaged or the cells seems damaged, please contact us immediately.

## CULTURE AND RECOVERY INSTRUCTIONS

Recovery of Frozen Cells:

For Suspension Cell passaging, the following methods can be used as reference:

1) Shake the cryotube containing 1mL of cell suspension quickly within seconds in a 37°C water bath to thaw.
2) Add it to a centrifuge tube containing 4-6mL of complete medium and mix well. Centrifuge at 1000rpm for 3-5mins.
3) Discard the supernatant, and resuspend the cells in complete medium.
4) Then add the cell suspension to a culture flask (or dish) containing 6-8ml of complete medium and culture overnight at 37°C.
5) Observe the cell growth and cell density under a microscope the next day.
6) Cell subculture: If the cell density reaches 80%-90%, subculture can be performed.

For Adherent Cell passaging, the following methods can be used as reference:

1) Shake the cryotube containing 1mL of cell suspension quickly within seconds in a 37°C water bath to thaw.
2) Add it to a centrifuge tube containing 4-6mL of complete medium and mix well. Centrifuge at 1000rpm for 3-5mins.
3) Discard the supernatant, and rinse the cells 1-2 times with PBS without calcium and magnesium ions.
4) Add 0.25% (w/v) trypsin-0.53 mM EDTA to the culture flask (1-2 mL for T25 flask, 2-3 mL for T75 flask),
5) Place in a 37°C incubator for digestion for 1-2 minutes (difficult-to-digest cells can be properly prolonged for digestion time),
6) Observe the cell digestion under a microscope. If most of the cells become round and fall off, quickly take it back to the operating table, tap the culture flask a few times, and add 3-4 ml of culture medium containing 10% FBS to terminate digestion.

7) Gently mix and aspirate, centrifuge at 1000rpm for 3-5min, discard the supernatant. Add 1-2mL culture medium and mix evenly.
8) Divide the cell suspension into new T25 bottles at a ratio of 1:2.
9) Add 6-8ml of new complete culture medium prepared according to the instructions to maintain cell growth vitality, and perform subsequent passages at a ratio of 1:2~1:5 as per actual conditions.

## CHARACTERIZATION AND QUALITY INFORMATION

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| **Sterility** | Bacteria: Negative<br><br>Yeast: Negative<br><br>Mycoplasma: Negative |
| **Pathogen testing** | HIV: Negative<br><br>Hepatitis B: Negative |
| **Markers / assay readout** | Primary-cell QC: viability dye plus tissue-lineage positive markers and exclusion markers (CD45, CD31 and/or EpCAM) |
| **Assay / validation method** | Flow cytometry marker characterization |
| **Authentication / QC evidence** | Primary-cell QC: viability dye plus tissue-lineage positive markers and exclusion markers (CD45, CD31 and/or EpCAM); Sterility: Bacteria: Negative<br><br>Yeast: Negative<br><br>Mycoplasma: Negative; Pathogen testing: HIV: Negative Hepatitis B: Negative |

## HANDLING AND STORAGE

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| **Shelf life** | 12 months at time of shipping |
| **Shipping** | Shipped on Dry Ice at -20°C |
| **Storage** | Store at -176°C. |
| **Intended use** | For Research Use Only. Not for diagnostics or human use. |

## PRODUCT DISCLAIMER

The data indicated herein are as indicated and validated in our laboratory. As these cell lines are of human origin, they carry a risk of latent human viruses (e.g., Epstein-Barr virus, hepatitis B). Therefore they should be handled accordingly with precaution. These reagents are for research use only and not for in-vitro diagnostics or human use.

## ADDITIONAL CLASSIFICATION

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| **Product grouping** | Primary Cells |
| **Product subgroup** | Rabbit |

Not a lot-specific certificate of analysis.